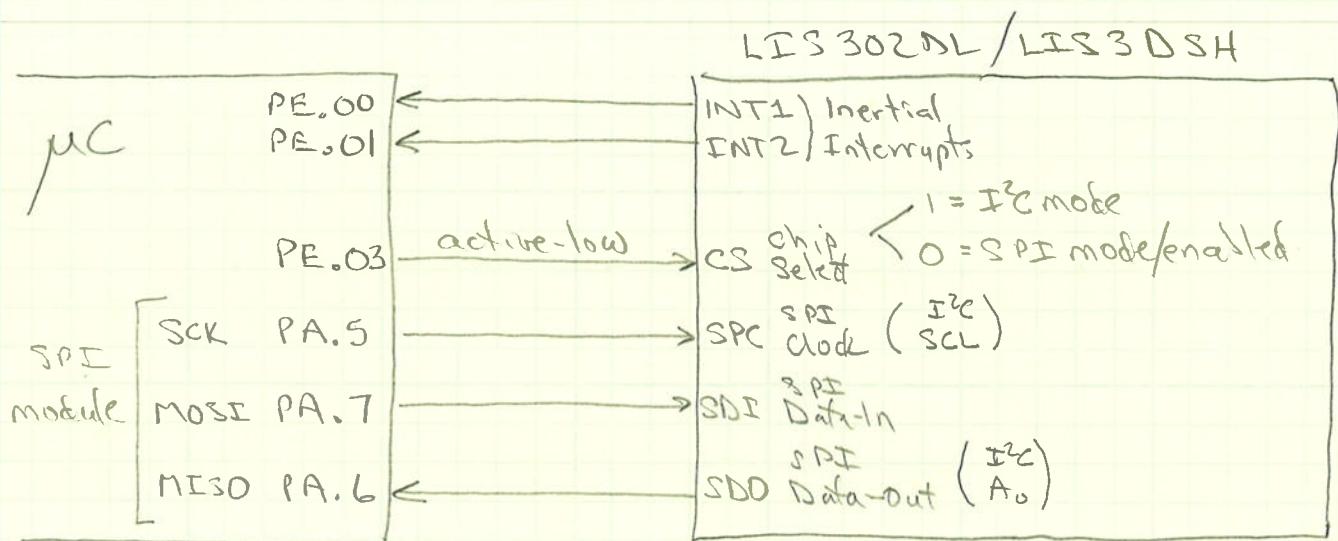
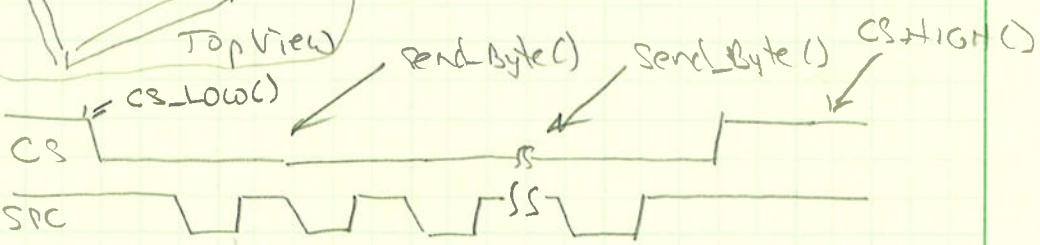
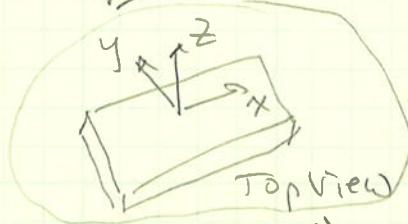
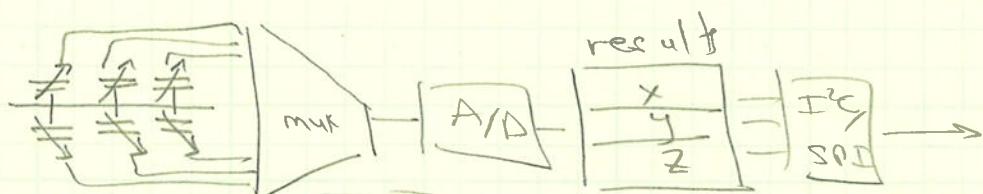


# Accelerometer STM32F4-Discovery Board



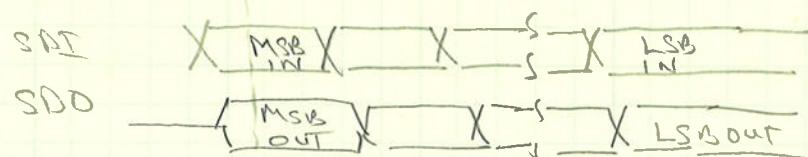
4-wire SPI : CS, SCK, SDI, SDO

3-wire SPI : CS, SCK, SDI/SDO (on SCK pin)  
( $\frac{1}{2}$  duplex)



## SPI Read:

data D<sub>7..0</sub> appear after reg#.  
(send dummy data)



SDI : R/W MS

1 = read  
0 = write

AD<sub>5..0</sub> .. AD<sub>0</sub>

DI<sub>7..0</sub> .. DI<sub>0</sub>

reg.# data

1 = don't increment address

0 = incr. address & send more data

## REGISTERS - next page

OUT-X (29)  
OUT-Y (28)  
OUT-Z (2D)

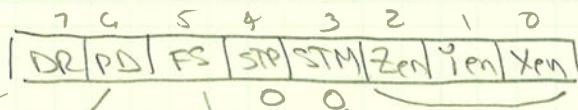
8-bit  
accel.  
data

STATUS\_REG(27) - new data available/overrun errors  
CTRL\_REG1 - enable axes/data rate/scale/pwr  
CTRL\_REG2 - serial interface mode/reboot/  
CTRL\_REG3 - interrupt ctrl. high-pass filter

# CIS 302 DL

## CTRL\_REG1

Data Rate  
0 = 100Hz  
1 = 400Hz



Power Down  
0 = down  
1 = active

0 0  
no soft-trst  
1 to enable Z, Y, X axes

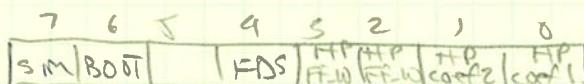
Full scale selection

$$0 = \pm [2 - 2.3] g$$

$$1 = \pm [8 - 9.2] g$$

## CTRL\_REG2

SPI Serial Interface Mode  
0: 4-wire mode  
1: 5-wire



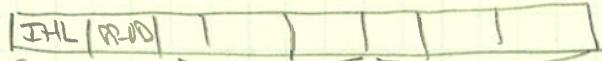
High-pass Filter  
0 = bypass  
1 = enable

	High Pass Filt	Filter Cutoff Freq.
00	Off	2 Hz
01	On	4
10	Off	0.5
11	On	0.25

0 100Hz @ 400Hz.

## CTRL\_REG3

0 = active high  
1 = active low  
Interrupt levels



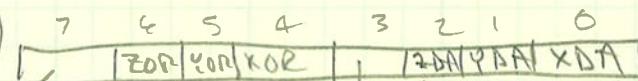
I2CF6<sub>2-0</sub>  
0 = push-pull  
1 = open drain output

I1CF6<sub>2-0</sub>

Control INT1 pin

Control INT2 pin

## STATUS\_REG



ZYXOR  
set of data overrun.

Z14/X  
data overrun

Z14/Z Data available

Z4XDA : complete set of data available

OUT-X (29)  
OUT-Y (2A)  
OUT-Z (2B)

(8-bit)  
data for axes,

-	28
OUT-X	29
-	2A
OUT-Y	2B
-	2C
OUT-Z	2D

## LIS3DSH Registers (vs. LI3302DL)

Output Data

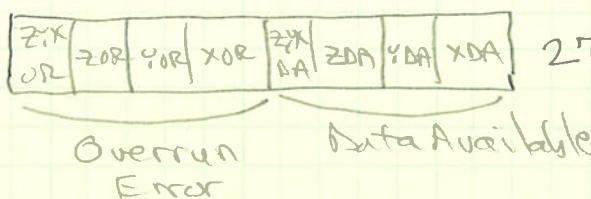
28	low	OUTX
29	high	
2A	low	
2B	high	
2C	low	
2D	high	

16-bit data

28	-
29	OUT X
2A	-
2B	OUT Y
2C	-
2D	OUT Z

3-bit data

Status:



## Control Registers

LI3302DL : CR1 (20) - data rate, power, enable X-Y-Z scale ( $\pm 2g$ ,  $\pm 8g$ )

CR2 (21) - SPI interface (4 vs. 3-wire)  
high-pass filter

CR3 (22) - interrupt pins  
enable / configure

## LIS3DSH :

CR4 (20) - more data rates, enable X-Y-Z

ODR<sub>3-0</sub> : BDU : ZEN/YEN/XEN  
(3.125Hz to 1600Hz)      0 = continuous update

CR3 (23) - set up interrupt pins INT1 / INT2

CR5 (24) - BW<sub>2-1</sub> : FS<sub>SCALE</sub><sub>2-0</sub> : ST<sub>2-1</sub> : SIM

Anti-alias filter	full scale select	soft left	0 for 4-wide SPI
BW	$\pm 2g$	4g	
800 Hz	6g		
400	8g		
200	16g		
50			

CR6 (25) - FIFO control

# Files to be added to the project

## stm32f4\_discovery\_accelerometer.c

```
/* Includes Accelerometer component drivers and selects one after reading chip ID */
#include "..\Components\lis302dl\lis302dl.h"
#include "..\Components\lis3dsh\lis3dsh.h"

/* Accelerometer functions */
uint8_t BSP_ACCELERO_Init(void);      -- calls Init functions for lis302dl or lis3dsh accelerometer
uint8_t BSP_ACCELERO_ReadID(void);    -- returns ID# of the chip
void   BSP_ACCELERO_Reset(void);
void   BSP_ACCELERO_GetXYZ(int16_t *pDataXYZ); -- read and return accelerometer values
```

## stm32f4\_discovery.c

```
static void  SPIx_Init(void);           // calls stm32f4xx_hal_spi.c functions
static void  SPIx_MspInit(void);
static uint8_t SPIx_WriteRead(uint8_t Byte);
static void  SPIx_Error(void);

void      ACCELERO_IO_Init(void); //Configures SPI interface to accelerometer
void      ACCELERO_IO_Write(uint8_t *pBuffer, uint8_t WriteAddr, uint16_t NumByteToWrite);
void      ACCELERO_IO_Read(uint8_t *pBuffer, uint8_t ReadAddr, uint16_t NumByteToRead);

#define ACCELERO_CS_LOW()    HAL_GPIO_WritePin(ACCELERO_CS_GPIO_PORT, ACCELERO_CS_PIN,
GPIO_PIN_RESET)
#define ACCELERO_CS_HIGH()   HAL_GPIO_WritePin(ACCELERO_CS_GPIO_PORT, ACCELERO_CS_PIN,
GPIO_PIN_SET)
```

## lis302dl.c (change LIS302DL to LIS3DSH in lis3dsh.c)

- both needed if using discovery\_accelerometer file

```
void  LIS302DL_Init(uint16_t InitStruct);
uint8_t LIS302DL_ReadID(void);
void  LIS302DL_FilterConfig(uint8_t FilterStruct);
void  LIS302DL_InterruptConfig(LIS302DL_InterruptConfigTypeDef *LIS302DL_IntConfigStruct);
void  LIS302DL_Click_IntConfig(void);
void  LIS302DL_Click_IntClear(void);
void  LIS302DL_LowpowerCmd(uint8_t LowPowerMode);
void  LIS302DL_FullScaleCmd(uint8_t FS_value);
void  LIS302DL_DataRateCmd(uint8_t DataRateValue);
void  LIS302DL_RebootCmd(void);
void  LIS302DL_ReadACC(int16_t *pData);
```

```

96  /**
97   * @brief Setx Accelerometer Initialization.
98   * @param None
99   * @retval ACCELERO_OK if no problem during initialization
100  */
101 uint8_t BSP_ACCELERO_Init(void)
102 {
103     uint8_t ret = ACCELERO_ERROR;
104     uint16_t ctrl = 0x0000;
105     LIS302DL_InitTypeDef      lis302dl_initstruct;
106     LIS302DL_FilterConfigTypeDef lis302dl_filter = {0,0,0};
107     LIS3DSH_InitTypeDef       lis3dsh_InitStruct;
108
109    if(Lis302dlDrv.ReadID() == I_AM_LIS302DL)           - Initialize LIS302DL ?
110    {
111        /* Initialize the accelerometer driver structure */
112        AcceleroDrv = &Lis302dlDrv;
113
114        /* Set configuration of LIS302DL MEMS Accelerometer *****/
115        lis302dl_initstruct.Power_Mode = LIS302DL_LOWPOWERMODE_ACTIVE;
116        lis302dl_initstruct.Output_DataRate = LIS302DL_DATARATE_100;
117        lis302dl_initstruct.Axes_Enable = LIS302DL_XYZ_ENABLE;
118        lis302dl_initstruct.Full_Scale = LIS302DL_FULLSCALE_2_3;
119        lis302dl_initstruct.Self_Test = LIS302DL_SELFTEST_NORMAL;
120
121        /* Configure MEMS: data rate, power mode, full scale, self test and axes */
122        ctrl = (uint16_t) (lis302dl_initstruct.Output_DataRate | lis302dl_initstruct.Power_Mode | \
123                            lis302dl_initstruct.Full_Scale | lis302dl_initstruct.Self_Test | \
124                            lis302dl_initstruct.Axes_Enable);
125
126        /* Configure the accelerometer main parameters */
127        AcceleroDrv->Init(ctrl);    calls LIS302DL_Init (ctrl)
128
129        /* MEMS High Pass Filter configuration */
130        lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_Data_Selection = LIS302DL_FILTEREDDATASELECTION_OUTPUTREGISTER;
131        lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_CutOff_Frequency = LIS302DL_HIGHPASSFILTER_LEVEL_1;
132        lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_Interrupt = LIS302DL_HIGHPASSFILTERINTERRUPT_1_2;
133
134        /* Configure MEMS high pass filter cut-off level, interrupt and data selection bits
135        */
136        ctrl = (uint8_t) (lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_Data_Selection | \
137                          lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_CutOff_Frequency | \
138                          lis302dl_filter.HighPassFilter_Interrupt);
139
140        /* Configure the accelerometer LPF main parameters */
141        AcceleroDrv->FilterConfig(ctrl);    calls LIS302DL_F.HerConfig
142
143        ret = ACCELERO_OK;
144    }
145    else if(Lis3dshDrv.ReadID() == I_AM_LIS3DSH)           - Initialize LIS3DSH ?
146    {
147        /* Initialize the accelerometer driver structure */
148        AcceleroDrv = &Lis3dshDrv;
149
150        /* Set configuration of LIS3DSH MEMS Accelerometer *****/
151        lis3dsh_InitStruct.Output_DataRate = LIS3DSH_DATARATE_100;
152        lis3dsh_InitStruct.Axes_Enable = LIS3DSH_XYZ_ENABLE;
153        lis3dsh_InitStruct.SPI_Wire = LIS3DSH_SERIALINTERFACE_4WIRE;
154        lis3dsh_InitStruct.Self_Test = LIS3DSH_SELFTEST_NORMAL;
155        lis3dsh_InitStruct.Full_Scale = LIS3DSH_FULLSCALE_2;
156        lis3dsh_InitStruct.Filter_BW = LIS3DSH_FILTER_BW_800;
157
158        /* Configure MEMS: power mode(ODR) and axes enable */
159        ctrl = (uint16_t) (lis3dsh_InitStruct.Output_DataRate | \
160                           lis3dsh_InitStruct.Axes_Enable);
161
162        /* Configure MEMS: full scale and self test */
163        ctrl |= (uint16_t) ((lis3dsh_InitStruct.SPI_Wire | \
164                            lis3dsh_InitStruct.Self_Test | \
165                            lis3dsh_InitStruct.Full_Scale | \
166                            lis3dsh_InitStruct.Filter_BW) << 8);

```

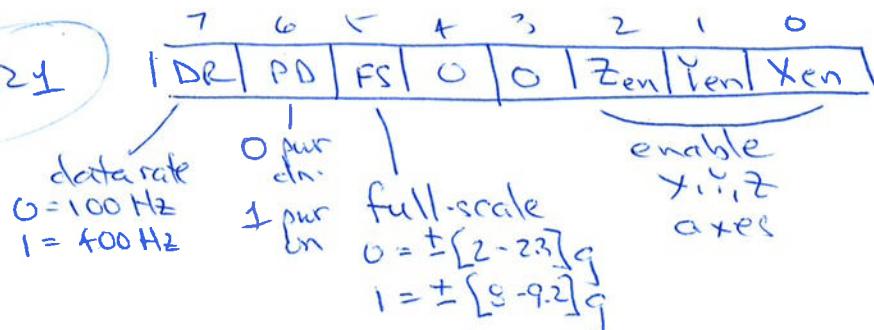
```
166     /* Configure the accelerometer main parameters */
167     AcceleroDrv->Init(ctrl);
168
169     ret = ACCELERO_OK;
170 }
171
172
173 else
174 {
175     ret = ACCELERO_ERROR;
176 }
177 return ret;
178 }
179
```

```

116  /**
117  * @brief Set LIS302DL Initialization.
118  * @param InitStruct: contains mask of different init parameters
119  * @retval None
120 */
121 void LIS302DL_Init(uint16_t InitStruct)
122 {
123     uint8_t ctrl = 0x00;
124
125     /* Configure the low level interface */
126     ACCELERO_IO_Init(); + SPI module
127
128     ctrl = (uint8_t) InitStruct;
129
130     /* Write value to MEMS CTRL_REG1 register */
131     ACCELERO_IO_Write(&ctrl, LIS302DL_CTRL_REG1_ADDR, 1);
132 }
133

```

CR1



```

/**
 * @brief Configures the Accelerometer SPI interface.
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
void ACCELERO_IO_Init(void)
{
    GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStructure;

    /* Configure the Accelerometer Control pins -----*/
    /* Enable CS GPIO clock and configure GPIO pin for Accelerometer Chip select */
    ACCELERO_CS_GPIO_CLK_ENABLE();

    /* Configure GPIO PIN for LIS Chip select */ - PE3 (not part of SPI module)
    GPIO_InitStructure.Pin = ACCELERO_CS_PIN;
    GPIO_InitStructure.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
    GPIO_InitStructure.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
    GPIO_InitStructure.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_MEDIUM;
    HAL_GPIO_Init(ACCELERO_CS_GPIO_PORT, &GPIO_InitStructure);

    /* Deselect: Chip Select high */
    ACCELERO_CS_HIGH();
}

SPIx_Init(); - Initialize SPI pins and module.
}                                     PA5 = SCK
                                         PA7 = MOSI
                                         PA6 = MISO

```

ACCELERO\_\* functions in this file.

```

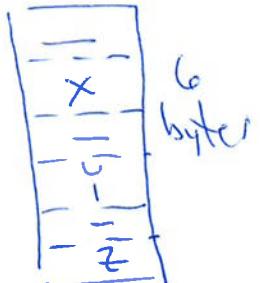
351  /**
352   * @brief Read LIS302DL output register, and calculate the acceleration
353   * ACC[mg]=SENSITIVITY* (out_h*256+out_l)/16 (12 bit representation)
354   * @param pfData: Data out pointer
355   * @retval None
356   */
357 void LIS302DL_ReadACC(int16_t *pData)
358 {
359     int8_t buffer[6];
360     int16_t pnRawData[3];
361     uint8_t sensitivity = LIS302DL_SENSITIVITY_2_3G;
362     uint8_t ctrl, i = 0x00;
363
364     ACCELERO_IO_Read(&ctrl, LIS302DL_CTRL_REG1_ADDR, 1);
365     ACCELERO_IO_Read((uint8_t*)buffer, LIS302DL_OUT_X_ADDR, 6);
366
367     for(i=0; i<3; i++)
368     {
369         pnRawData[i] = buffer[2*i];
370     }
371
372     switch(ctrl & LIS302DL_FULLSCALE_9_2)
373     {
374         /* FS bit = 0 ==> Sensitivity typical value = 18milligals/digit*/
375         case LIS302DL_FULLSCALE_2_3:
376             sensitivity = LIS302DL_SENSITIVITY_2_3G;
377             break;
378
379         /* FS bit = 1 ==> Sensitivity typical value = 72milligals/digit*/
380         case LIS302DL_FULLSCALE_9_2:
381             sensitivity = LIS302DL_SENSITIVITY_9_2G;
382             break;
383
384         default:
385             break;
386     }
387
388     /* Obtain the mg value for the three axis */
389     for(i=0; i<3; i++)
390     {
391         pData[i]=(pnRawData[i] * sensitivity);
392     }
393
394 }
```

*- return data*

Similar function for  
LIS3DSH  
(but 16-bit data)

*read/write register# (LIS302DL or LIS3DSH)  
read data# (LIS302DL or LIS3DSH)*

*- read 6 bytes  
(X.Y.Z)*



*- undefined for LIS302DL*

*scale data by  
"sensitivity"*

*2 ranges of values:*

$\pm [2-2.3]$  g

$\pm [8-9.2]$  g

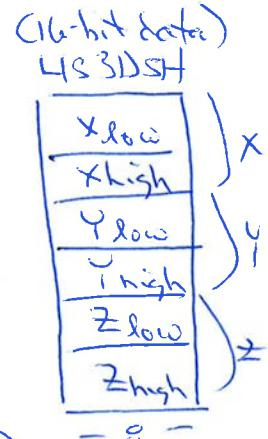
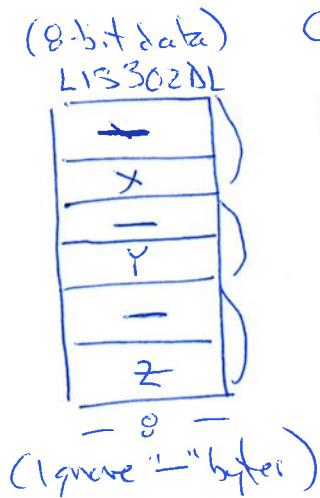
```

/**
 * @brief Reads a block of data from the Accelerometer.
 * @param pBuffer: pointer to the buffer that receives the data read from the Accelerometer.
 * @param ReadAddr: Accelerometer's internal address to read from.
 * @param NumByteToRead: number of bytes to read from the Accelerometer.
 * @retval None
 */
void ACCELERO_IO_Read(uint8_t *pBuffer, uint8_t ReadAddr, uint16_t NumByteToRead)
{
    if(NumByteToRead > 0x01)
    {
        ReadAddr |= (uint8_t)(READWRITE_CMD | MULTIPLEBYTE_CMD);
    }
    else
    {
        ReadAddr |= (uint8_t)READWRITE_CMD;
    }
    /* Set chip select Low at the start of the transmission */
    ACCELERO_CS_LOW();
    /* Send the Address of the indexed register */
    SPIx_WriteRead(ReadAddr);

    /* Receive the data that will be read from the device (MSB First) */
    while(NumByteToRead > 0x00)
    {
        /* Send dummy byte (0x00) to generate the SPI clock to ACCELEROMETER (Slave device) */
        *pBuffer = SPIx_WriteRead(DUMMY_BYTE);
        NumByteToRead--;
        pBuffer++;
    }
    /* Set chip select High at the end of the transmission */
    ACCELERO_CS_HIGH();
}

```

Accelerometer  
Data  
Registers



set multibyte bit if >1 byte

- indicate read (device to supply data)

) CS low (active)

} send  
read addr.  
+ "dummy"  
bytes  
return  
bytes from  
device

) CS high (inactive)

return  
value

```

/**
 * @brief Writes one byte to the Accelerometer.
 * @param pBuffer: pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the Accelerometer.
 * @param WriteAddr: Accelerometer's internal address to write to.
 * @param NumByteToWrite: Number of bytes to write.
 * @retval None
 */
void ACCELERO_IO_Write(uint8_t *pBuffer, uint8_t WriteAddr, uint16_t NumByteToWrite)
{
    /* Configure the MS bit:
     - When 0, the address will remain unchanged in multiple read/write commands.
     - When 1, the address will be auto incremented in multiple read/write commands.
    */
    if(NumByteToWrite > 0x01)
    {
        WriteAddr |= (uint8_t)MULTIPLEBYTE_CMD;           // set "multiple" bit, if needed.
    }
    /* Set chip select Low at the start of the transmission */          } CS low for SPI mode
    ACCELERO_CS_LOW();

    /* Send the Address of the indexed register */
    SPIx_WriteRead(WriteAddr);                                         } - send write addr.

    /* Send the data that will be written into the device (MSB First) */
    while(NumByteToWrite >= 0x01)
    {
        SPIx_WriteRead(*pBuffer);                                } - send byte(s)
        NumByteToWrite--;
        pBuffer++;
    }

    /* Set chip select High at the end of the transmission */
    ACCELERO_CS_HIGH();
}

```

Handwritten notes and annotations:

- set "multiple" bit, if needed.*
- ignore returned data*
- CS low for SPI mode*
- send write addr.*
- send byte(s)*
- CS back high*

```
C:\Users\nelsovp\Desktop\Accel_RTX\BSP\STM32F4-Discovery\stm32f4_discovery_accelerometer.c
235  /**
236   * @brief Get XYZ axes acceleration.
237   * @param pDataXYZ: Pointer to 3 angular acceleration axes.
238   *                   pDataXYZ[0] = X axis, pDataXYZ[1] = Y axis, pDataXYZ[2] = Z axis
239   * @retval None
240   */
241 void BSP_ACCELERO_GetXYZ(int16_t *pDataXYZ)
242 {
243     int16_t SwitchXY = 0;
244
245     if(AcceleroDrv->GetXYZ != NULL)
246     {
247         AcceleroDrv->GetXYZ(pDataXYZ);
248
249         /* Switch X and Y Axes in case of LIS302DL MEMS */
250         if(AcceleroDrv == &Lis302dlDrv)
251         {
252             SwitchXY = pDataXYZ[0];
253             pDataXYZ[0] = pDataXYZ[1];
254             /* Invert Y Axis to be compliant with LIS3DSH MEMS */
255             pDataXYZ[1] = -SwitchXY;
256         }
257     }
258 }
```

-calls LIS302DL\_ReadACC  
or LIS3DSH\_ReadACC

```
/* LIS302DL struct */

/* Initialization struct */
typedef struct
{
    uint8_t Power_Mode;          /* Power-down/Active Mode */
    uint8_t Output_DataRate;     /* OUT data rate 100 Hz / 400 Hz */
    uint8_t Axes_Enable;         /* Axes enable */
    uint8_t Full_Scale;          /* Full scale */
    uint8_t Self_Test;           /* Self test */
}LIS302DL_InitTypeDef;

/* Interrupting configuration struct */
typedef struct
{
    uint8_t Latch_Request;        /* Latch interrupt request into CLICK_SRC register*/
    uint8_t SingleClick_Axes;      /* Single Click Axes Interrupts */
    uint8_t DoubleClick_Axes;      /* Double Click Axes Interrupts */
}LIS302DL_InterruptConfigTypeDef;

/* High Pass Filter struct */
typedef struct
{
    uint8_t HighPassFilter_Data_Selection; /* Internal filter bypassed or data from internal filter send to
output register*/
    uint8_t HighPassFilter_CutOff_Frequency; /* High pass filter cut-off frequency */
    uint8_t HighPassFilter_Interrupt;          /* High pass filter enabled for Freefall/WakeUp #1 or #2 */
}LIS302DL_FilterConfigTypeDef;
```