ELEC 2220 Computer Systems
Homework #4
Due: Wednesday, 5-30-2018

Read textbook Chapter 3 (*ARM Instruction Set Architecture*). Most of this information is also contained in the **Cortex-M4 Devices Generic User Guide** (in the **Books** pane of the Keil **uVision5** program, or via the link under "ARM Corporation" on the course web page). The relevant sections of the User Guide are 2.1 (Programmers model), 2.2 (Memory model) and 3 (The Cortex-M4 Instruction Set).

If you wish to do your homework in one of the ECE Department PC labs (rooms 308 and 310), the Keil MDK-ARM **uVision5** program is installed on those PCs for your use. These labs are open from 8-5 daily. If you wish to do your homework on your own computer, download and install the MDK-ARM package, following the procedure in the document **Installing MDK-ARM,** posted on the course web site. The "evaluation version" of MDK-ARM is free of charge, but limited to program sizes of 32K bytes (more than enough for our course projects.)

For this exercise, you are to create a short assembly language program for the STM32F407VG microcontroller use the simulator within **uVision5** to run and debug the program, rather than downloading the program to the Discovery board. Follow steps 1-7 and 11-12 of the procedure described in the document **Creating Projects for STM32F4-Discovery with MDK-ARM**, posted on the course web page. Debugging procedures are described in the document **Debugging Projects for STM32F4-Discovery with MDK-ARM**, also posted on the course web page.

- The project is to have one assembly language source file, containing the program listed on the next page.
- Create a debug initialization file (step 11 of the procedure) to:
    - initialize the PC register to the starting address of the program (0x20000000),
    - set the PSR register to 0x01000000 (to set the T bit to 1 to select Thumb mode),
    - set data variables CC2 and VarA to 6 and 0, respectively.
- In the debugger, display the data memory used by the program in the **Memory 1** window (starting at 0x20010000), and display the value of variable VarA in the **Watch 1** window.
- Single-step through the program (execute one instruction at a time), watching the executed instructions in the Disassembly Window, and noting changes in the CPU registers, memory, and watch windows. (Changes are highlighted by the debugger as instructions execute.)
- After executing the last instruction of the test program, capture and print a "screen shot" of the Debug Window, showing the final state of the program. On this printout, circle or highlight the following items in these debug windows.
    - Source Code Window – the last instruction executed
    - Disassembly Window – the last instruction executed
    - Registers Window – the final value of the PC and the last register modified by the program.
    - Memory 1 Window – the value written to memory by the program.
    - Watch 1 Window – the value of VarA
    - Examine the assembler listing file (.lst) and map file (.map) to see how the program was assembled, and the locations of program code, variables, etc.

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; Assembly language setup example for STM32F4-Discovery
; Simple program to be debugged in on-chip RAM
; Memory map should be set to on-chip RAM areas:
;    R/O memory (ROM1) at 0x20000000 (code area)
;    R/W memory (RAM1) at 0x20010000 (data area)

; Code section - to begin at 0x20000000
          AREA RESET,CODE
          THUMB
          ENTRY
Main  mov  r0,#100         ;set r0 = 100
          movt r0,#3       ;set top of r0 (upper 16 bits) = 3
          movs r1,#-20     ;set r1 = -20 and set flags
          add  r2,r0,r1    ;r2 = r0+r1
          adr  r4,CC1      ;address of CC1 to r4 from literal pool
          ldr  r5,[r4]     ;load value of CC using pointer in r4
          ldr   r6,=CC2    ;address of CC2 to r6 from literal pool
          ldr  r7,[r6]     ;load value of CC2 to r7
          subs r2,r2,r7    ;r2 = r2 - r7 and set flags
          str  r2,[r6,#4]  ;store r2 at VarA (4 bytes after CC2)
Here  b    Here            ;effectively halts the program

;Place a 32-bit constant in code memory area address CC1
CC1       dcd 5

;literal pool will be placed here by the assembler
;address of CC1 (literal =CC1)
;address of CC2 (literal =CC2)

; Data section - to begin at 0x20010000
; Initial values ignored for RAM (set with debug.ini file)
          EXPORT VarA      ; Allows viewing VarA in Watch window
          AREA Data1,DATA
CC2       dcd 0       ;32-bit word value 0 ignored for RAM
VarA      space 4     ;4 bytes/32-bit value (no initial value)

          END              ;end of assembly language source file
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