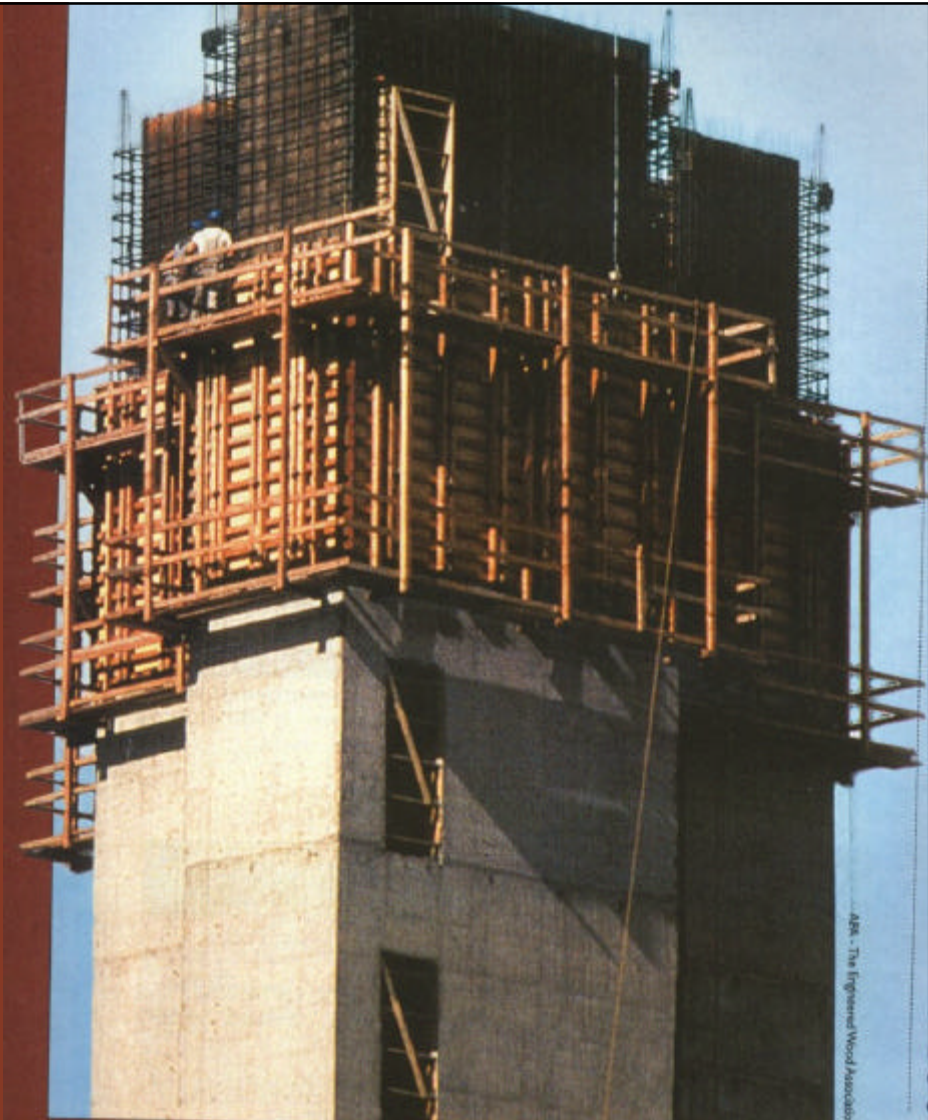


Plywood for Concrete Forming Panels



Types of Plywood Suitable for Forming Panels

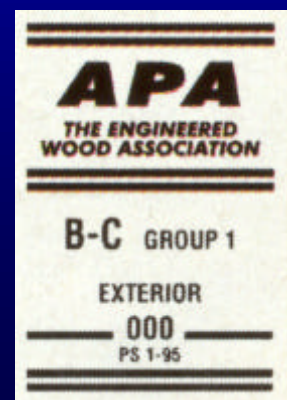
- Typical panels use 5, 7, or 9 plies
- Nominal thickness:
 - $15/32$, $1/2$, $19/32$, $5/8$, $23/32$, $3/4$
- Plywood forming panels are exterior-type plywood

Types of Plywood NOT Suitable for Forming Panels

- Exposure-1 panels (intended for interior use - with exterior glue) can be used but are not recommended if you want to reuse the panel
 - they use D grade veneers - leads to more swelling on face of panels when they get wet

Types of Plywood NOT Suitable for Forming Panels

- Typical Exterior plywood may not be appropriate either
 - it has C grades of veneer (not sanded and has knotholes)
 - may not be good for appearance of concrete
- Exterior plywood with B grade veneers is often used
 - B grade veneers are sanded, knot holes are filled



Types of Plywood Suitable for Forming Panels

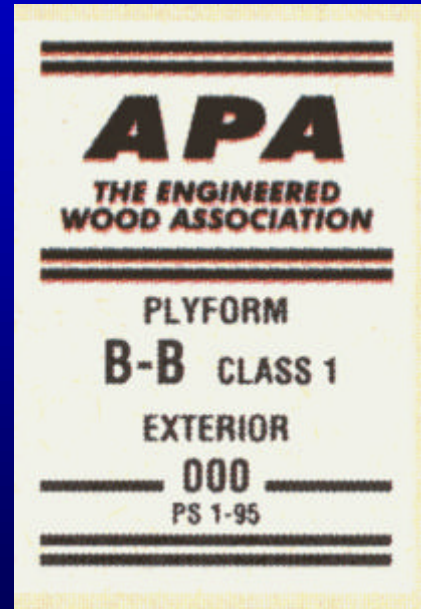
- **Class I plywood forming panels:**
 - **non-overlaid (B-B)**
 - **medium density overlaid (MDO)**
 - **high-density overlaid (HDO)**
- **overlays are resin-impregnated fiber sheets bonded to face of plywood**

Types of Plywood Suitable for Forming Panels

- **Structural I, Class I plywood forming panels:**
 - **non-overlaid (B-B)**
 - **medium density overlaid (MDO)**
 - **high-density overlaid (HDO)**

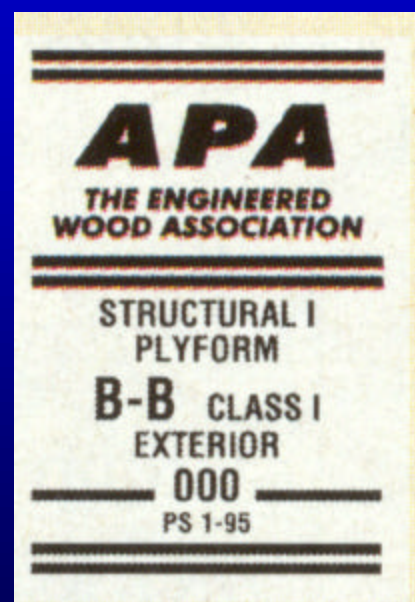
Non-overlaid forming panels

- **Class I B-B panel**
 - uses Group I (high strength) species for face plies, but can have weaker interior plies
 - when care is taken, panels can be reused 5 to 10 times
 - these are the most common forming panels



Non-overlaid forming panels

- **Structural I, Class I B-B panel**
 - uses Group I (high strength) species for all plies
 - designed for engineered forming applications
 - Structural I panels have greater bending and shear strength



Overlaid forming panels

- Overlaid plywood uses resign-impregnated sheets bonded to the face and back veneers
- Overlays add water resistance and dimensional stability to the plywood
- Overlays give a smoother, more durable forming surface
- Overlays can be High Density (HDO) or Medium Density (MDO) and can be ordered on one or both sides of panel

HDO • B-B • PLYFORM I • 60/60 • EXT-APA • 000 • PS 1-95

Overlaid forming panels

- HDO has minimum 45 % resin content
 - resin makes overlay adhere to panel better
 - better for glossy concrete finish
 - can be reused 20-50 times
- MDO (for concrete) has 35-40% resin
 - overlay on one side usually, makes smooth matte finish
- MDO for other uses has < 35% resin
 - used for other construction applications where it will be painted (e.g. trim, molding, etc.)

Using / maintaining formwork

- **Plywood forming panels are treated with release agents at the manufacturing plant**
 - **helps remove the form from the concrete when finished curing**
- **Release agents should be re-applied before each use to preserve the plywood**
- **Make sure panels have an edge sealer (either by the plant or at the jobsite)**
 - **if not edge sealed, the edges will swell when they get wet**
- **Use wooden wedges when removing panels (don't use metal pry bars)**

Using/maintaining formwork

- **Cleaning:**
 - **use fiber brush and hardwood wedges**
 - **re-treat with release agent**
- **For storage:**
 - **stack panels face-together**
 - **stack face to face / back to back**
 - **keep panels out of sun and rain**

