

Figure 15.38: LFSRs that count up/down in inverse order.

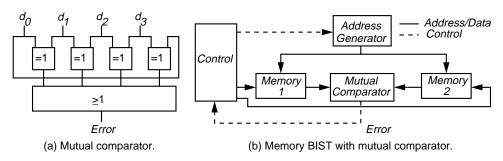


Figure 15.39: Mutual comparator for memory BIST.

sequences [67, 688]. Therefore, it satisfies all of the address ordering conditions for detecting address decoder faults with march tests. A reverse sequence LFSR generator has to have a characteristic polynomial that is the reciprocal characteristic polynomial of the LFSR, and it must shift in the opposite direction from the original LFSR. This is achieved by numbering the cells of the LFSR in the reverse order. Figure 15.38(a) shows an LFSR with a characteristic polynomial $G(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$, while Figure 15.38(b) shows the inverse LFSR with inverse characteristic polynomial $G(x) = x^3 + x + 1$, which also can generate the all-0 pattern because of the extra NOR gate and XOR gate. The Part (a) LFSR generates the sequence $1 \to 0 \to 4 \to 6 \to 7 \to 3 \to 5 \to 2$ when initialized to 1, while the second generates the sequence $1 \to 2 \to 5 \to 3 \to 7 \to 6 \to 4 \to 0$ when initialized to 1. The NOR gate forces the LFSR into the all-zero state. These two LFSRs can be combined into a single LFSR, by adding a few additional logic gates. Another advantage of the LFSR over a counter is that the probability of an address bit changing is equal for all address bits. This enables detection of write recovery faults (see Chapter 9.) The test data can either be produced by a finite state machine or from the address. Response data evaluation is often carried out by deterministic comparison.

The mutual comparator [688] (see Figure 15.39(a)) is useful in memory BIST when the memory system has multiple arrays. We test two or more arrays (in this case 4) simultaneously, by applying the same test commands and addresses to all 4 arrays. The mutual comparator asserts the Error signal when one of d_0 through d_3 disagrees with the other data coming out of the memory arrays. The comparator eliminates the need to generate the good machine response, and implicitly assumes that only a minority of the memory array outputs are incorrect at any given time.